



Free trade agreements concluded but not in force

Once a free trade agreement has been concluded, it needs to be legally verified, signed and then ratified by the governments of the parties involved. Changes to legislation may also be needed.

New Zealand-European Union Free Trade Agreement [/en/trade/free-trade-agreements/free-trade-agreements-concluded-but-not-in-force/new-zealand-european-union-free-trade-agreement/]

New Zealand has signed a free trade agreement with the European Union, one of the world's largest trading entities.

• Anti Counterfeiting Trade Agreement (ACTA), [/en/trade/free-trade-agreements/ree-trade-agreements-concluded-but-not-in-force/anti-counterfeiting-trade-agreement-acta/]

ACTA is a trade agreement aimed at combatting the growing international trade in counterfeit goods and pirated copyright protected works.

• <u>Trans-Pacific Partnership Agreement (TPP)</u> [/en/trade/free-trade-agreements-concluded-but-not-in-force/trans-pacific-partnership-agreement-tpp/]

TPP is a pathway to creating a free trade region in the Asia-Pacific region, New Zealand's largest trading market.

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