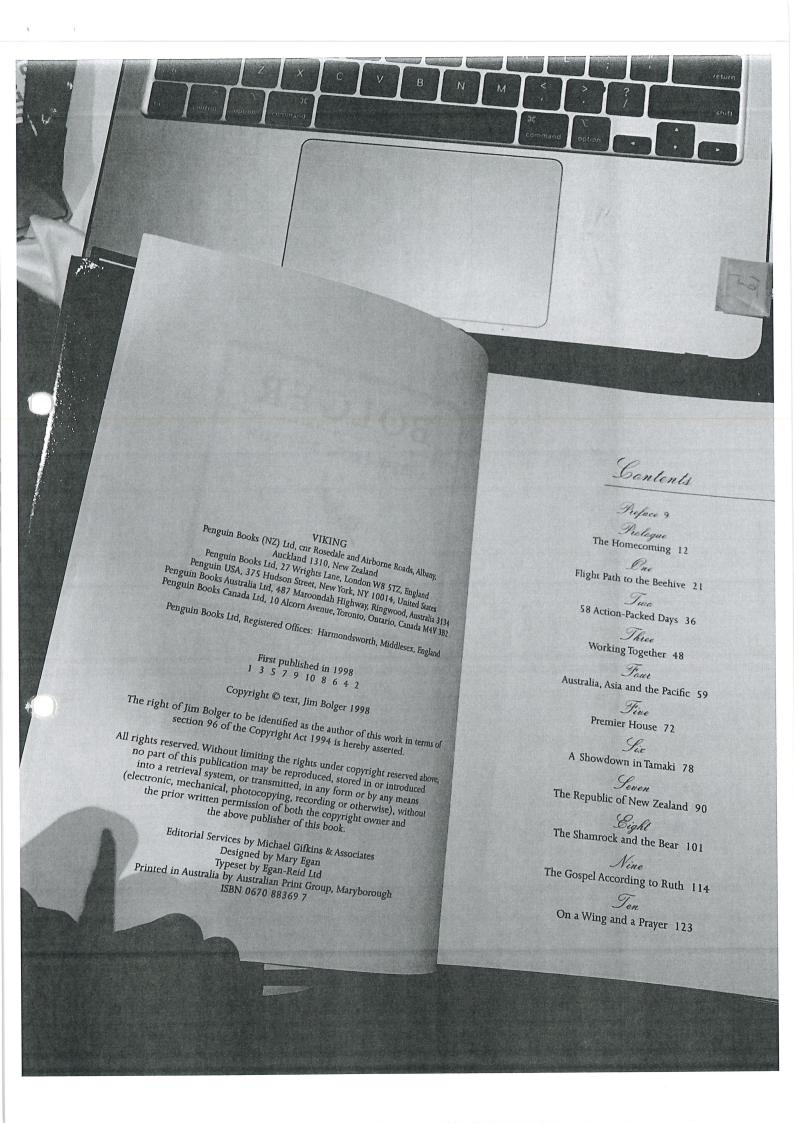
(Bolger, J., 1998: 179)

BOLGER A VIEW FROM THE TOP

ars as Prime Minister

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understanding that the outlines of a deal were there, although the details would be very difficult. In the weeks that followed, Doug Graham, assisted by Doug Kidd, patiently negotiated the details of the settlement. I got involved at various points along the way.

One time I was called in was when the Maori negotiators sought to have 50 per cent of the non-allocated fish under New Zealand's fish quota arrangements retained for Maori. I told the negotiators that wasn't acceptable, but I was prepared to seek agreement on 20 per cent of the non-allocated fish. That subsequently was accepted.

The eventual settlement lifted a heavy grievance from the shoulders of Maori. The joint venture has succeeded in every sphere. The original asset has grown five times in value from \$200 million to nearly \$1 billion. That success has consigned to the dustbins of history the arguments of those who said that if the Maori got the fish, the industry would be ruined and Maori would squander their new inheritance.

There is one important and difficult issue still to be resolved. The settlement was a pan-Maori settlement; in other words a settlement for all Maori. It has yet to be resolved by Maori how to allocate the benefits of the settlement among different iwi.



The Tainui settlement was quite different. Tainui had patiently negotiated for years with earlier governments but to no avail. The historical facts were better known. Alleged provocation by Tainui led the government of the day to confiscate over one million acres of prime Waikato land in 1863. After many months of patient negotiation Doug Graham rang me at Te Kuiti as the family gathered there for Christmas 1994. We discussed the progress of the negotiations and he sought my approval to sign the heads of agreement that evening. I agreed

present n

those who acted in the ime discussing with o be met. In the end we Ca be met. in and to Bucking Parliament, it Would inc rait New Zealand for Meeting, would on my a give the Royal Assent by Governor-General. That s House on 3 November 1 As the legislation wa day on 22 May 1995 v Maori MP Koro Tainui V urrived at Turangawaewa Tainui people. I was the Te Arikinui Dame Te Atair of the occasion was over Doug Graham, in an in historic sculptured bird Tainui believe Korotangi have been brought to Ne of the great migration. It New Zealand. We had a se been achieved.

The Ngai Tahu settlemen look over six years to nego sides to be constantly make spoken and the pressures and when I spoken and the pressures and when I spoken the parties to render to have back together of the parties to render to have been sides. He is an our

