

Chief Justice declares treaty worthless and a 'simple nullity' MCH, 2020q

17 October 1877

1877 p.86



Related content

We have 23 biographies, 9 articles, related to Chief Justice declares treaty worthless and a 'simple nullity'.
[Share this event](#)

Chief Justice Sir James Prendergast's statements when delivering judgment in the case of *Wi Parata v The Bishop of Wellington* would influence decision-making on Treaty of Waitangi issues for decades.

Prendergast was attorney-general from 1865 to 1875, and then chief justice of the Supreme Court until 1899.

The *Wi Parata* case involved a block of land at Porirua which Ngāti Toa had given to the Anglican church on the understanding a school would be built on it. Though no school was built, the church was later issued a Crown grant to the land.

Prendergast ruled that the courts lacked the ability to consider claims based on aboriginal or native title. The Treaty of Waitangi was 'worthless' because it had been signed 'between a civilised nation and a group of savages' who were not capable of signing a treaty. Since the treaty had not been incorporated into domestic law, it was a 'simple nullity'.

Prendergast's ruling was essentially based on earlier Court of Appeal decisions. It would be used to justify the alienation of much more Māori land.

updated 2nd edition of.

Read more on NZHistory

Obtaining land – The Treaty in practice

James Prendergast

Wiremu Parata

External links

Wiremu Te Kakakura Parata biography (DNZB)

James Prendergast biography (DNZB)

Sir James Prendergast (1966 encyclopaedia)

The origins of nationhood (Te Ara)

Wi Parata vs the Bishop of Wellington (Jurist report, NZLII)

HOW TO CITE THIS PAGE

'Chief Justice declares treaty 'worthless' and a 'simple nullity', URL:

<https://nzhistory.govt.nz/the-chief-justice-declares-that-the-treaty-of-waitangi-is-worthless-and-a-simple-nullity>, (Ministry for Culture and Heritage), updated 7-Sep-2020